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JULIAN POCE ET AL. v. O & G INDUSTRIES, INC., ET AL. (AC 43511)

Alvord, Cradle and Bear, Js.

Syllabus

The plaintiffs sought to recover damages for, inter alia, the defendant O Co.'s negligence related to their exposure to asbestos while working on a construction project. The trial court granted in part O Co.'s motion to strike the plaintiffs' amended complaint. Subsequently, the court granted O Co.'s motion for summary judgment as to the remaining counts against O Co. and rendered judgment thereon, from which the plaintiffs appealed to this court. *Held* that the judgment of the trial court was affirmed; the trial court, having fully addressed the claims and arguments raised in this appeal, this court adopted the trial court's thorough and well reasoned memoranda of decision as proper statements of the relevant facts, issues and applicable law on those issues.

Argued October 13, 2021—officially released January 18, 2022

Procedural History

Action to recover damages for, inter alia, the defendants' negligence, brought to the Superior Court in the judicial district of Hartford, where the plaintiff filed an amended complaint; thereafter, the court, *Noble*, *J.*, granted in part the defendants' motions to strike; subsequently, the court, *Noble*, *J.*, denied the motion for summary judgment filed by the defendant Southern Middlesex Industries, Inc., and granted the named defendant's motion for summary judgment and rendered judgment thereon, from which the plaintiffs appealed to this court; thereafter, the plaintiffs withdrew their appeal as to the defendant Southern Middlesex Industries, Inc. *Affirmed*.

Austin Berescik-Johns, with whom, on the brief, was Paul Levin, for the appellants (plaintiffs).

Michael S. Lynch, with whom, on the brief, was *Nicole A. Carnemolla*, for the appellee (named defendant).

PER CURIAM. The plaintiffs, Julian Poce, Skerdinand Xhelaj, Michael Meredith, Erjon Goxhaj, and Fatjon Rapo, appeal from the summary judgment rendered by the trial court in favor of the defendant O & G Industries, Inc.¹ On appeal, the plaintiffs claim that the court improperly granted the defendant's (1) motion to strike and (2) motion for summary judgment. We affirm the judgment of the trial court.

The plaintiffs commenced the present action in December, 2016, and filed the operative complaint in May, 2017. The plaintiffs, mason laborers who were employed by Connecticut Mason Contractors, Inc., alleged that they repeatedly were exposed to asbestos while working on a large-scale construction project at Wethersfield High School in Wethersfield. Relevant to this appeal, each of the five plaintiffs asserted claims against the defendant, the construction/project manager for the Wethersfield High School project, sounding in negligence, negligent infliction of emotional distress, premises liability, and recklessness. On March 29, 2017, the defendant filed a motion to strike the claims against it. The plaintiffs filed an objection. On December 5, 2017, the court, Noble, J., issued its memorandum of decision, in which it granted the motion to strike in part as to the plaintiffs' claims of negligence, premises liability, and recklessness.

On September 7, 2018, the defendant filed a motion for summary judgment as to the plaintiffs' remaining claims against it, which sounded in negligent infliction of emotional distress. The plaintiffs filed an objection and a memorandum in opposition to the defendant's motion for summary judgment. Oral argument was held on June 3, 2019. On September 30, 2019, the court, *Noble*, *J.*, issued its memorandum of decision, in which it granted the defendant's motion for summary judgment and rendered judgment thereon. This appeal followed.

On appeal, the plaintiffs claim that the court improperly granted the defendant's motion to strike and motion for summary judgment. Our examination of the record on appeal, and of the briefs and oral arguments of the parties, persuades us that the judgment of the trial court should be affirmed. Because the court's memoranda of decision fully address the arguments raised in the present appeal, we adopt the court's thorough and well reasoned decisions as proper statements of the facts and applicable law as to the claims against the defendant.² See *Poce* v. O & G Industries, Inc., Superior Court, judicial district of Hartford, Docket No. CV-17-6074254-S (December 5, 2017) (reprinted at 210 Conn.); Poce v. O & G Industries, Inc., A.3dSuperior Court, judicial district of Hartford, Docket No. CV-17-6074254-S (September 30, 2019) (reprinted at 210 Conn. App. , A.3d). It would serve no useful purpose for us to repeat the discussions contained therein. See, e.g., *Woodruff* v. *Hemingway*, 297 Conn. 317, 321, 2 A.3d 857 (2010); *Maselli* v. *Regional School District No. 10*, 198 Conn. App. 643, 647–48, 235 A.3d 599, cert. denied, 335 Conn. 947, 238 A.3d 19 (2020).

The judgment is affirmed.

¹The plaintiffs also named Southern Middlesex Industries, Inc. (SMI), as a defendant in this action. SMI moved to strike counts twenty-one through thirty of the plaintiffs' operative complaint. The court granted SMI's motion to strike as to counts twenty-one through twenty-five and denied it as to counts twenty-six through thirty. SMI thereafter filed a motion for summary judgment as to counts twenty-six through thirty, which the court denied. On July 20, 2020, the plaintiffs withdrew their action against SMI, and, on August 18, 2020, the plaintiffs withdrew their appeal as to SMI. Accordingly, we refer in this opinion to O & G Industries, Inc., as the defendant and to SMI by name.

² Both memoranda of decision address claims against SMI. See footnote 1 of this opinion. Because SMI is no longer a party to this action, we adopt the trial court's memoranda of decision only as they relate to the claims against the defendant.